CCSU department of mathematical sciences COLLOQUIUM

Friday, November 9 3:00 – 4:00 PM Maria Sanford, Room 101

SINGULAR PERTURBATION: AN INTRODUCTION

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Abstract: In 1982, Celso Costa discovered a complete, minimally embedded thrice punctured torus in \mathbb{R}^3 . Amazingly, this was the first complete, embedded minimal surface in \mathbb{R}^3 discovered since the Plane, the Catenoid and the Helicoid. Shortly after, Hoffman and Meeks extended Costa's surface to a family of surfaces with prescribed genus and three ends. A natural question was then: What finite topologies arise as complete embedded minimal surfaces in \mathbb{R}^3 . Singular perturbation, beginning with the work of Kapouleas and others, has proven to be a very powerful tool in finding minimal surfaces with prescribed genus, not only in \mathbb{R}^3 but in general Riemannian three manifolds. We will discuss the development and basic ideas of singular perturbation in basic settings, as well as more recent work in the field.

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