CCSU department of mathematical sciences COLLOQUIUM

Wednesday, February 27 11:30 AM – 12:30 PM Maria Sanford, Room 103

HAMILTONIAN CYCLES IN DIRAC GRAPHS

WILLIAM CUCKLER

UNIVERSITY OF DELAWARE

(JOINT WORK WITH JEFF KAHN)

Abstract: A graph on n vertices is said to be Dirac if its minimum degree is at least n/2; this is in honor of the seminal 1952 result of Dirac proving that any such graph has a Hamiltonian cycle. We show that any Dirac graph has at least $n!/(2+o(1))^n$ Hamiltonian cycles, which confirms a conjecture of G. Sarkozy, S. Selkow, and E. Szemeredi. We also mention that the number of Hamiltonian cycles in a Dirac graph is determined to within a subexponential factor by a simple parameter, the "entropy" of the graph.

For further information: <u>gotchevi@ccsu.edu</u> 860-832-2839 http://www.math.ccsu.edu/gotchev/colloquium/